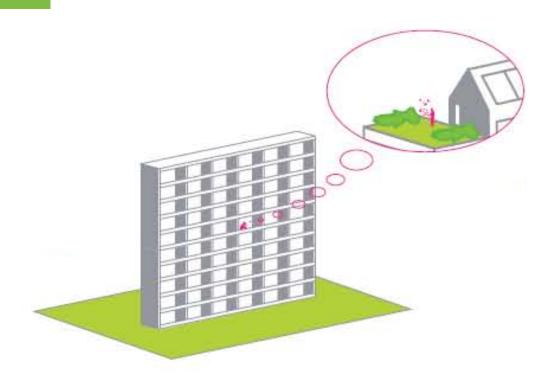
# Follow up

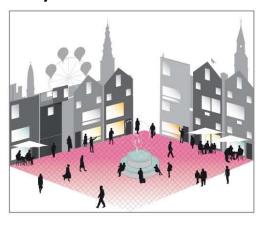


- 1. Analysis
- 2. Methodology
- 3. Concept
- 4. Programming
- 5. .....

- 1. Analysis
- 2. Methodology
- 3. Concept
- 4. Programming
- 5. How to build urban fabric?



City Scale



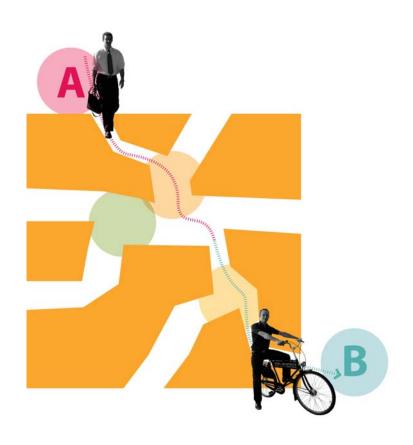
District Scale



Neighborhood Scale



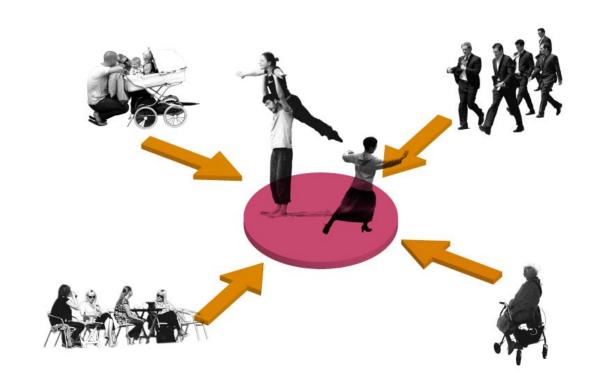
## Legibility



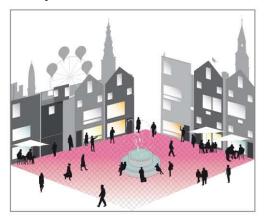
### Intuitive Way-Finding



## Public Space



### City Scale









### City Scale: Intuitive Way-Finding





### District Scale













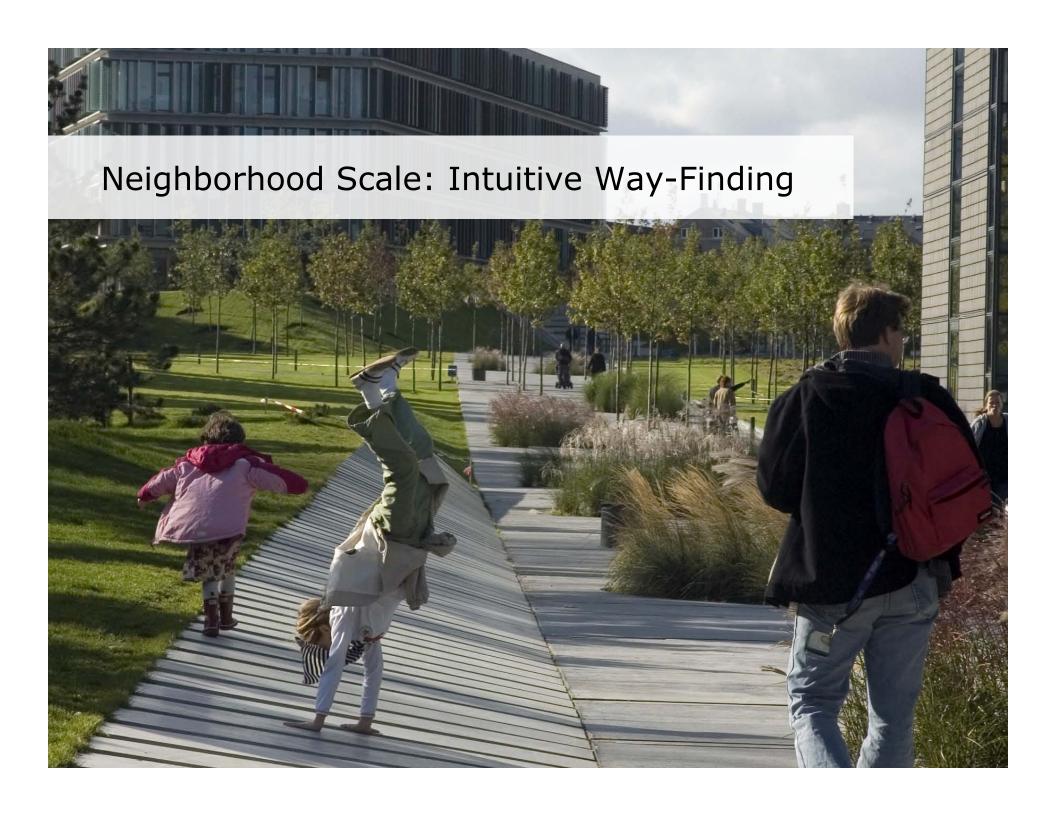
### Neighborhood Scale













## Density vs. Proximity/Intensification

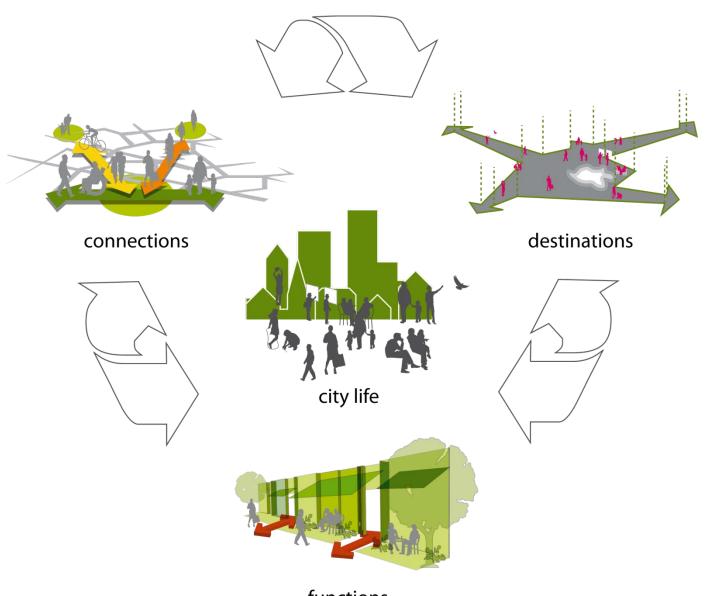


### **PROXIMITY**

#### DENSITY



### **PROXIMITY**

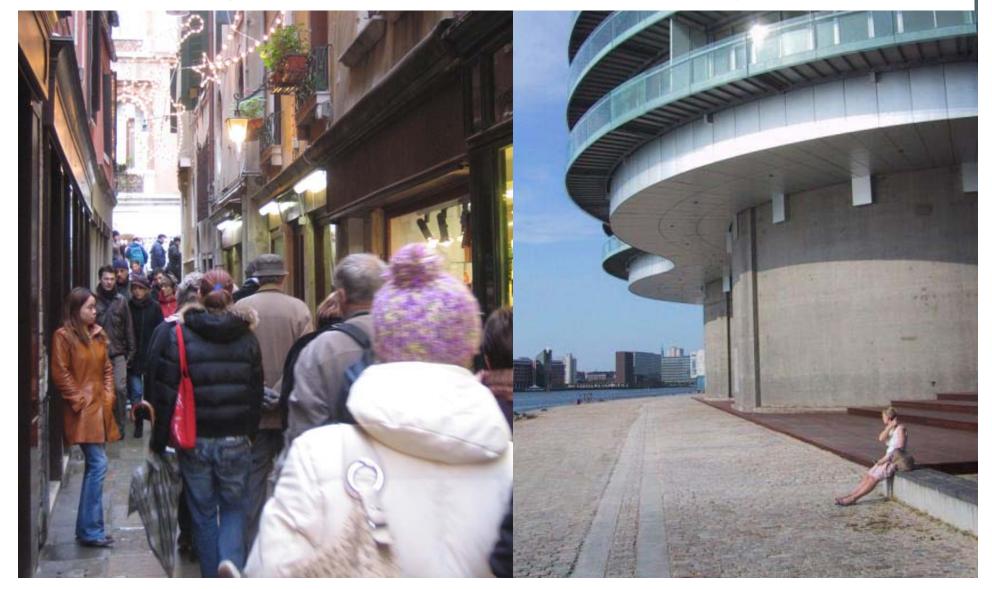


functions

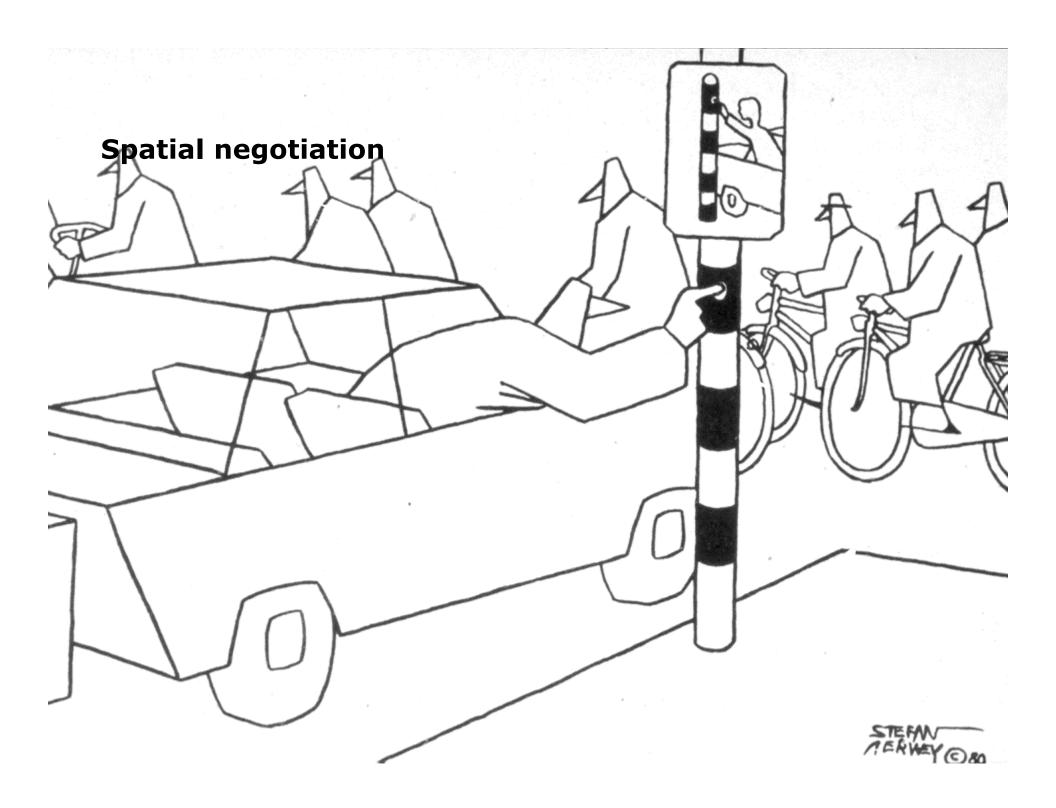


#### **PROXIMITY**

#### **DENSITY**

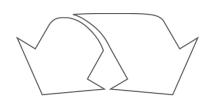


# Flexibility





### **FLEXIBILITY**





built form







typological variation











adaptable use

#### **Joined up Buildings makes Flexible Urban Frameworks**







built form

## Varied Building Sizes and Spatial Conditions on the Plot allow Different Functions



### **Allow for change of use over Time**









## Human Scale







# Human Scale +++ = Smallness

### **SMALLNESS**



### **Consider Space as a Limited Natural Resource**





#### **Small Dimensions are more Social and provide better Microclimate**



better microclimate

#### Small can also be more efficient!







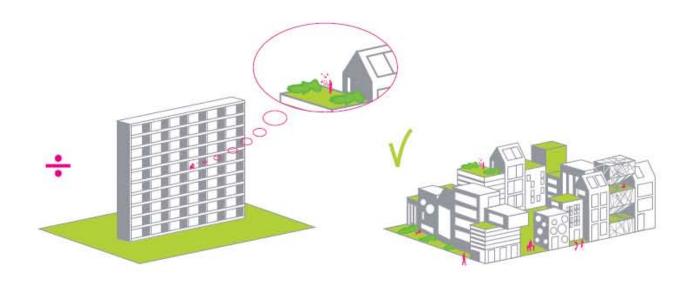
## We can design a city full of sustainable buildings



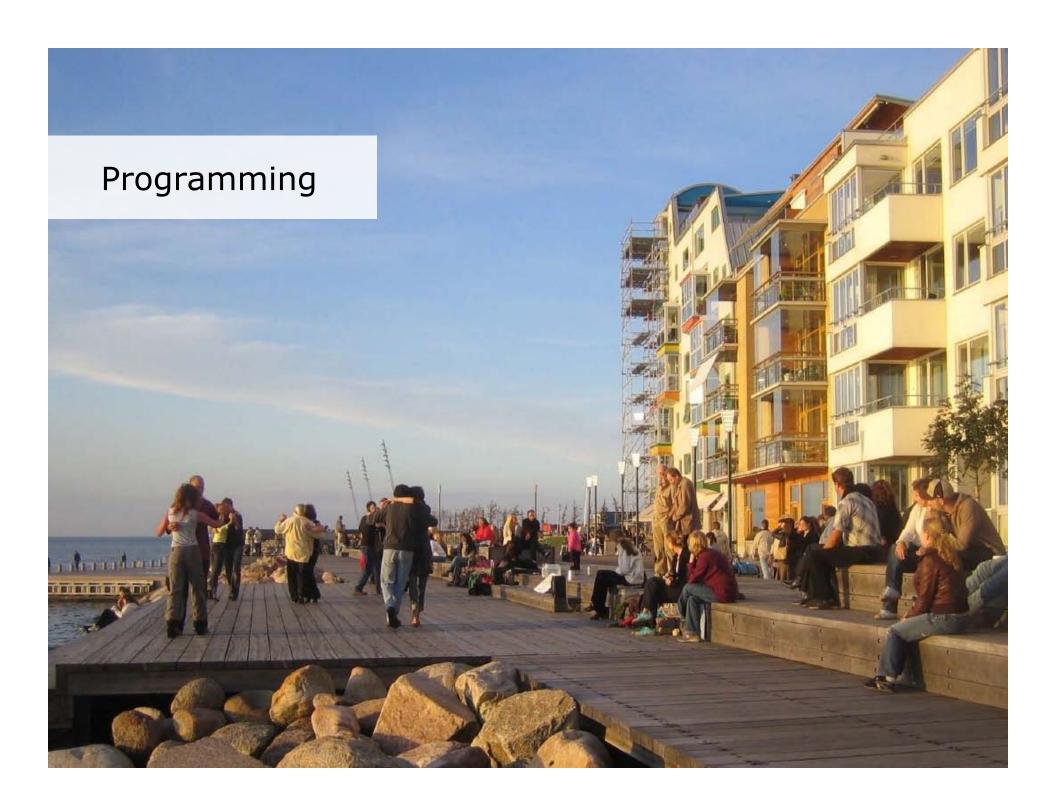
But it does not mean that the city is sustainable



# The Sustainable City: 3 levels









#### A Sustainable Urban Culture

We must take People into account and change

#### **Priorities, Methodology and Design**

towards People Oriented and Sustainable Cities



